

31 out of the 76 (41%) professionals who attended the conference completed the evaluation questionnaire. Of them 57% were men, 43% women and 65% were members of APN.

58% belonged to NGO and 18 % were public health officers.

The participants who completed the survey were from 16 countries.

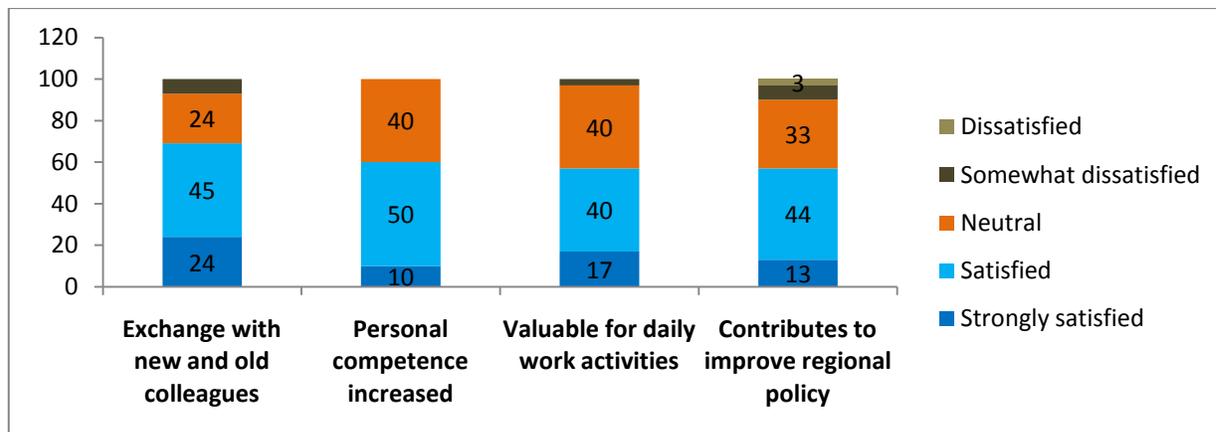
The two most important logistical factors that influenced the decision to attend this conference were networking opportunities (38%) and conference dates (32%)

The overall impression of the conference was excellent in 50% of cases and good in 46%.

The potential impact of the conference (see fig. 1):

- 69% were satisfied with the opportunity for interaction with colleagues
- 60% were satisfied with the increase in personal competence.
- 57% were satisfied with the value for daily work activities
- 57% thought this conference contributed to improving regional policies.

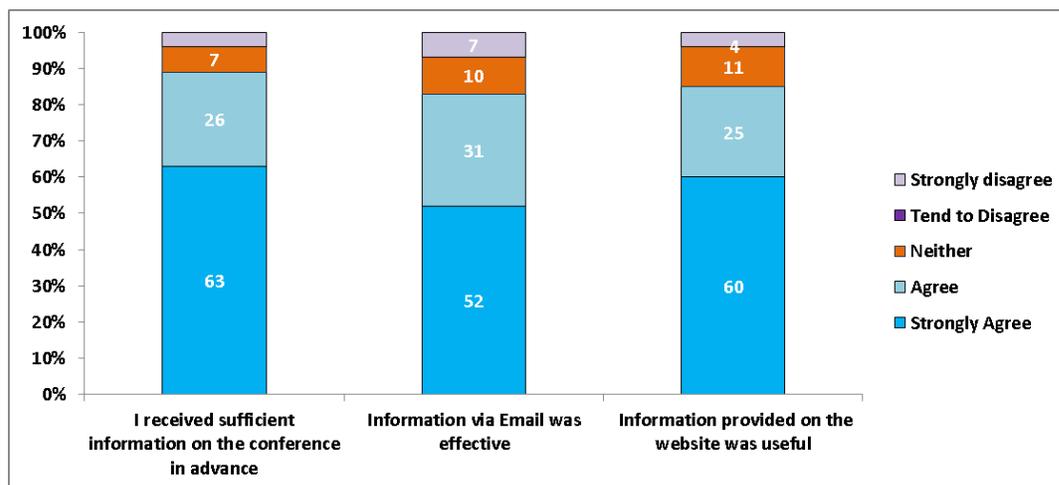
Figure 1: Impact of the conference



The overall impression of administrative feedback was (see fig. 2)

- 89% received sufficient information on the conference in advance
- 83% thought that the information via Email was effective
- 85% thought that the information provided on the website was useful.

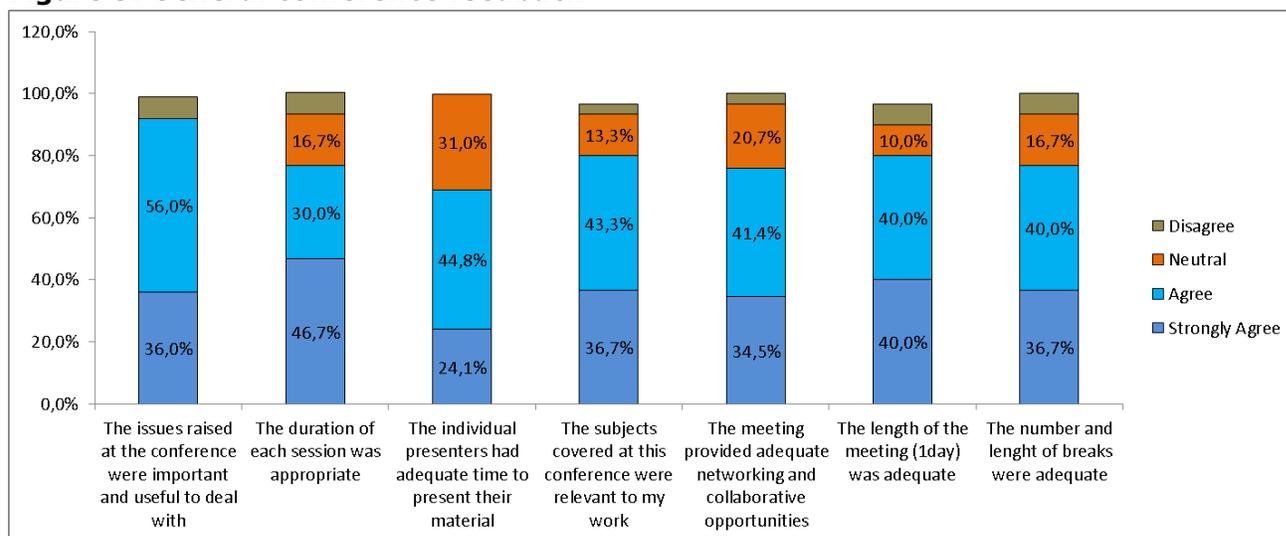
Figure 2: Impression administrative feedback



General meeting feedback (see fig 3):

- 92% found the meeting important and useful.
- 76.7% agreed with the duration of each session
- 69% agreed that the time for the individual presenters was adequate
- 80% thought that this meeting was relevant to their work
- 75.9% opined that the meeting provided adequate networking and collaborative opportunities.
- 80% agreed with the length of the meeting (1 day)
- 76.7% agreed with the number and length of breaks

Figure 3: General conference feedback



The members of the network:

- 53% are satisfied with the activities of APN

Main Activities of APN in the future (see fig. 4):

- 52.9 % opined that they are important to provide opportunities for people in leading positions in public health oriented policy to meet independently, exchange information, keep up to date on pertinent developments in the field at global, EU, country and individual community level and establish cooperative activities.
- 57.1% found them important to facilitate advocacy training on public health alcohol policies and provide assistance
- 37.5 opined that they are important to promote best practice and develop guidelines on the basis of knowledge and experiences gained. To identify gaps and needs for research in the field of alcohol policies, research and promote European cooperation.
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